INTRODUCTION Quadrature is a unique board game for two players. Each player has 18 men (flat cylinders,) nine of which are initially situated as shown in Figure 1. Each of the two “bars” consists of three distinct squares. The 121 squares of the board will be referred to as “locations.” Each player has a “marker” - a flat square token with one dot on one face and two dots on the opposite face. A player’s marker is the same color as his men. Quadrature was invented by Mark Steere in 1992.

OBJECT OF THE GAME There are two ways to win in Quadrature. One is to reduce the number of on-board, opposing men to two or less. The other is to advance three of your men into the bar in your furthest row.

BASIC MOVES Players take turns making basic moves, one basic move per turn. You begin your turn by moving one of your men one location forward (away from you,) diagonally forward, or sideways to an unoccupied location. If you have no moves available, you must sit the game out until you do have a move available. Players are not allowed to pass on their turn. If neither player has a move available, the game is a draw. Sometimes, after a series of turns, a board position (arrangement of men of both colors) will be reproduced exactly. In such an instance, play immediately concludes as a draw.

SQUARING If you move to form a rectangle with horizontal and vertical sides (henceforth “rectangle”) defined by three of your men and one opposing man, you have “squared” the opposing man. At such time you must immediately initiate an “exchange” of the opposing man for one of your own while it is still your turn. You do so by placing one of your off-board men on top of the opposing man to be exchanged. Once you have initiated the exchange, your opponent removes his covered man from the board, at which time your turn is concluded. In Figure 2, White’s move squares two black men simultaneously.

You are not allowed to move a man to a location which is squared by your opponent. That is, you cannot move to form a rectangle defined by your moved man and three opposing men. However, by way of exchange, you may add men onto locations which are squared by your opponent. See Figure 2, bottom right corner of the board.

If, at the outset of your turn, opposing men are already squared by your men, you cannot begin your turn by exchanging said opposing men. You must begin your turn with a basic move, and you can only initiate exchanges on opposing men which were squared by your current move, or which were squared by men which you added to the board during your current turn. See Figure 2, black man near the center of the board.

MARKER If you make a non-squaring, sideways move while your marker is not on the board, you must immediately place your marker somewhere on the board, single dot face up, while it is still your turn. If you make a non-squaring, sideways move while your marker is on the board with the single dot showing, you must flip your marker over to show two dots. If your marker is on the board with two dots showing, you cannot make a non-squaring, sideways move. If you make a forward, diagonally forward, or squaring, sideways move, you must remove your marker from the board.

AUTHOR’S NOTE Feel free to publish this rule sheet, and to program the game of Quadrature for online or offline play. There is no licensing fee, and no royalties are expected. However please don’t change the name or the rules, and please attribute the game to me, Mark Steere. My other games can be found at marksteeregames.com.

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